Building an Open Data Infrastructure for Science: *Turning Policy into Practice*

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Franco-British Workshop on Big Data in Science, November 2012, London

Overview

- Introduction
 - What is STFC?
 - What do we need from our data infrastructure?
- An example project

 The PaNdata Collaboration
- Fostering Collaboration on a Global Scale
 The Research Data Alliance

What is STFC?

250m

Square Kilometre Array

- Lasers
- Space Science
- Particle Physics

Data Management

cations

Star Billion

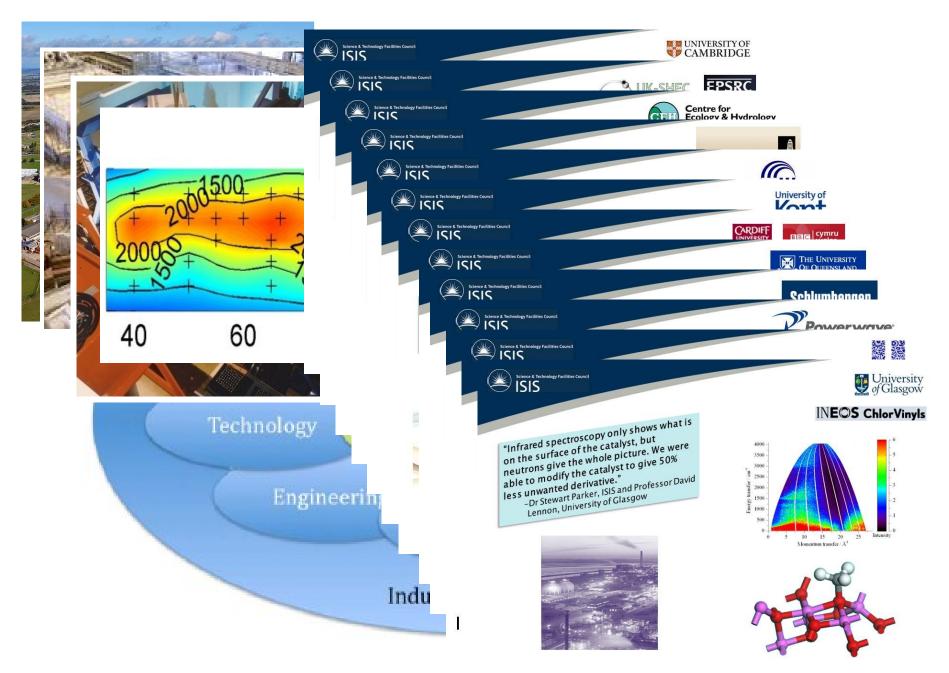
ies:

Daresbury Laboratory

Large Hadron Collider



ESRF & ILL, Grenoble



Methyl chloride synthesis: Neutrons help industry

Putting Data Policy into Practice

Data

Access

Rights

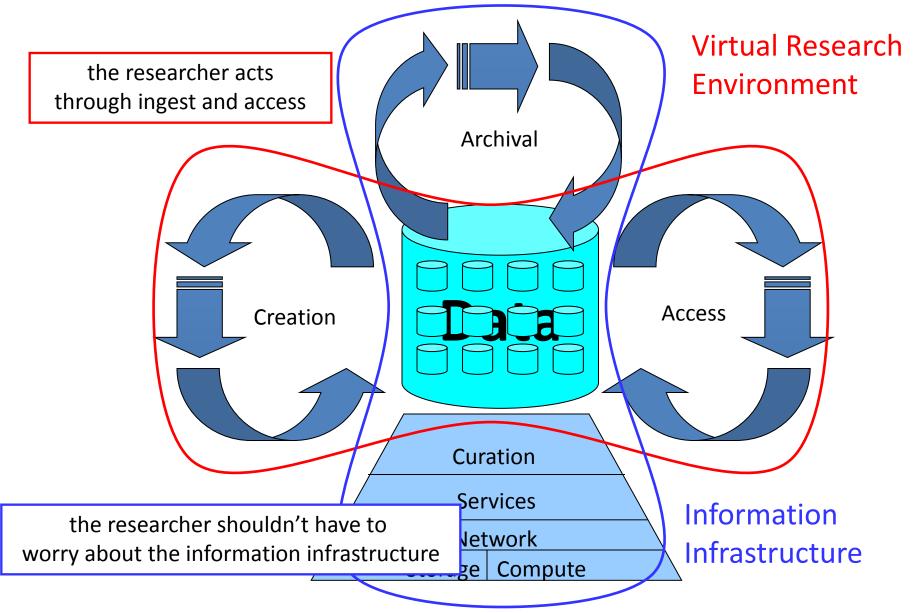
RCUK Principles on Data Policy

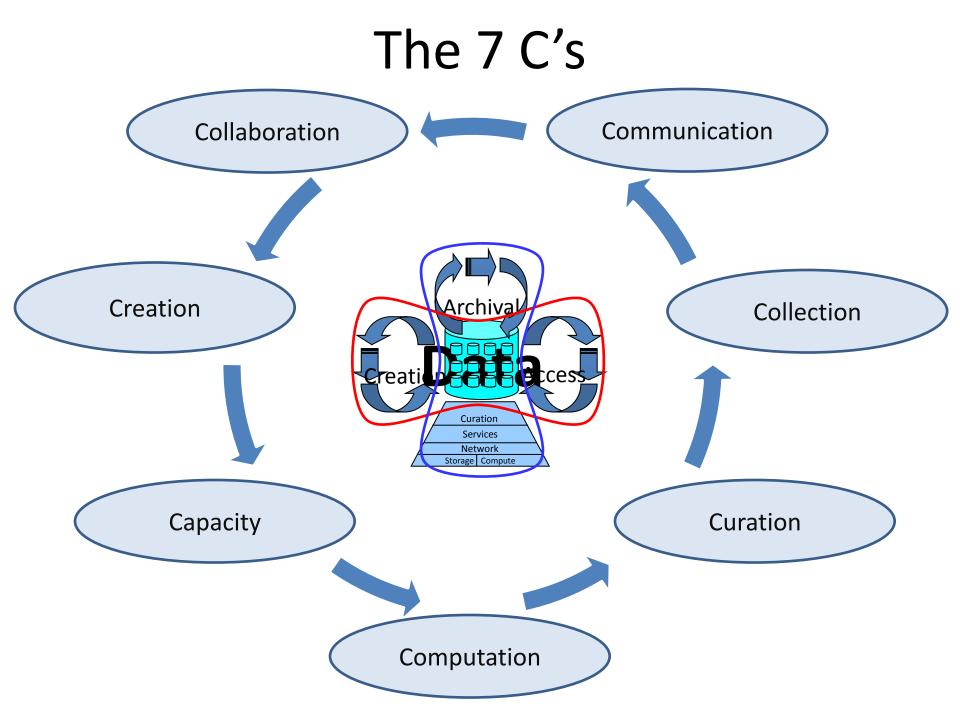
Seven (fairly) orthogonal principles:

- Public good
- Preservation
- Discoverability
- Confidentiality
- First use
- Recognition
- Costs

Similar policy work going on at EU and Global levels

Data centric view of research





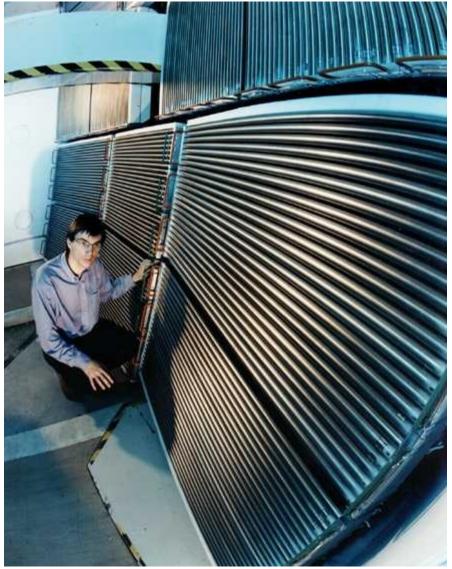
Creation

Linked systems for:

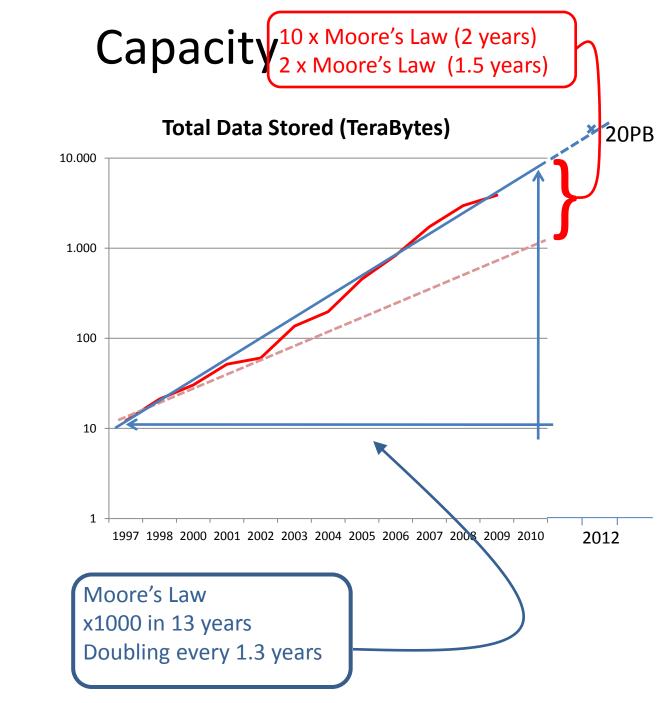
- Proposal submission
- User management
- Data acquisition

Metadata carried from each system to the next

Detectors moving from Hz to KHz, towards MHz,...



Examining the detectors on MAPS instrument on ISIS

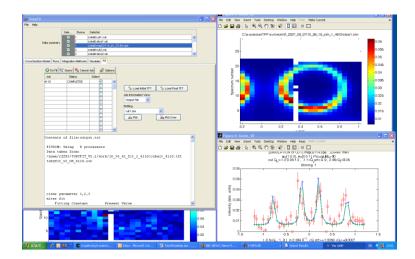


is about 15 months

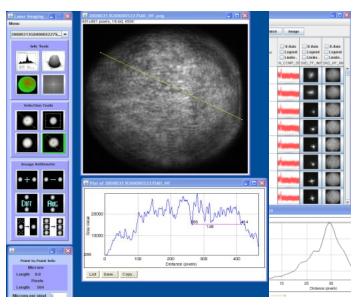
Moore's law for us

Currently store about 20 PetaBytes of data

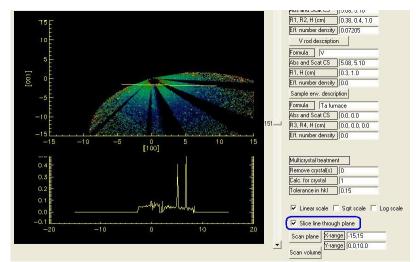
Computation



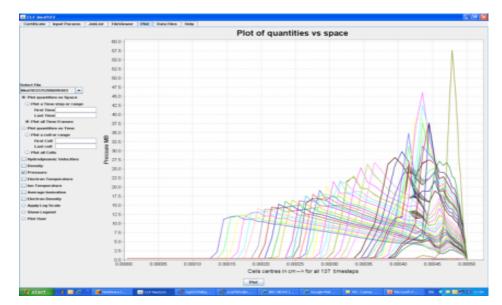
Fitting of experimental data to model



Real-time diagnostics of instrument performance and data flow pipeline.



Compute intensive components on HPC (Blue Gene/Q at DL, Emerald GPGPU cluster at RAL)



Computational derivation of properties from theory

Curation

Facility Archives

- All ISIS data (~25 years) > 3,000,000 files
- All **Diamond** Data (~5 years) > 100,000,000 files

LHC Tier 1

• UK hub for LHC data (11PB)

Other Research Councils

- NERC JASMIN+CEMS super data cluster (£4.5M)
- **BBSRC** Institutes data archive
- MRC Data Support service

JISC

- JISCmail (1Million users)
- National Grid Service

Universities

- Imperial College National Service for Computational Chemistry Software - EPSRC funded
- Oxford, UCL, Southampton Bristol, Emerald GPU cluster (£1M) (EPSRC)

Others:

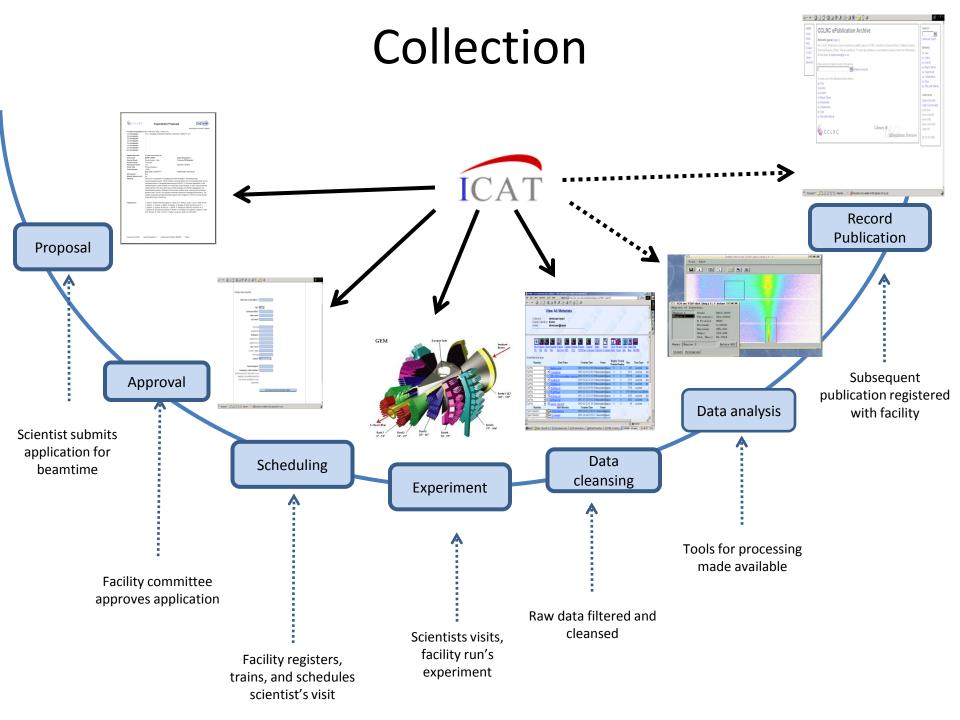
- The SCARF compute cluster for RAL Facilities, Users and Collaborators
- The STFC Publications Archive
- The CCPs (Collaborative Computational Projects)
- The Chemical Database Service
- The IBM Blue Gene/Q ICE-CSE



The StorageTek tape robots 100PB Capacity



JASMIN & CEMS 4PB Parallel disk



Communication "The web has changed everything..."

Immense Expectations !

- Web enables:
 - access to everything
 - Everything on-line
- Interlinking enables:
 - Validation of results
 - Repetition of experiment
- Discovery enables:
 - new knowledge from old



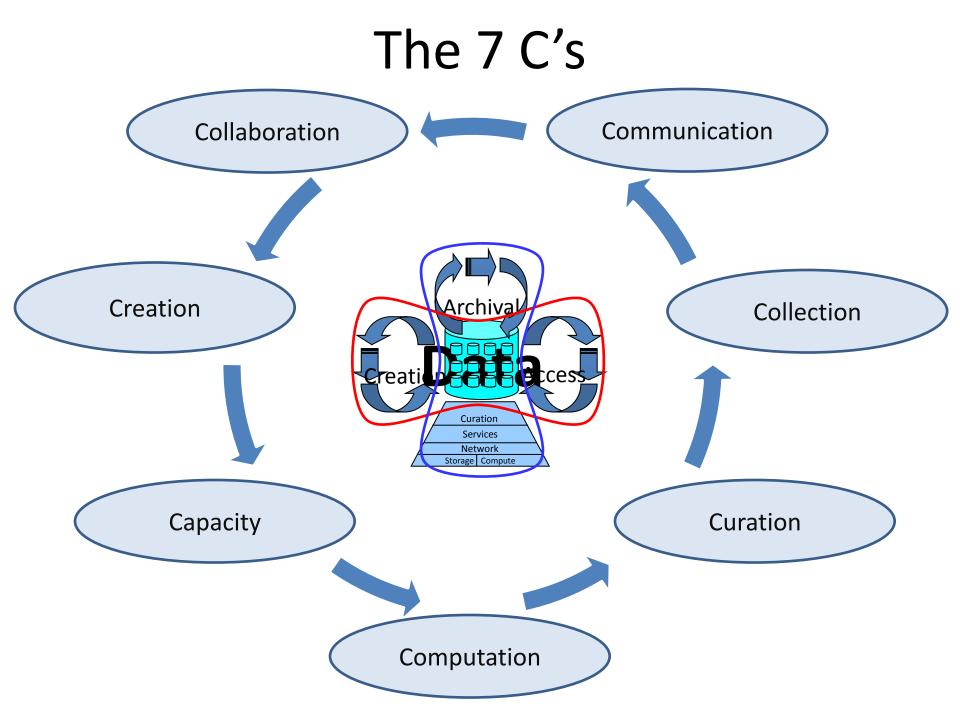
STFC's "e-pubs" Institutional Repository has records of 30,000 publications spanning 25 years

Collaboration

Technology integration facilitates scientific collaboration

- Cross facility/beamline
- Cross disciplinary
- Technology integration improves facility efficiency
- PaN-data Photon and Neutron Data infrastructure
 - ICAT also used in Australian Synchrotron and Oak Ridge National Lab
- Research Data Alliance





Overview

- Introduction – What is STFC? - What do we need from our data infrastructure? An example project - PaNdata
- Fostering Collaboration on a Global Scale RDA

The PaNdata Collaboration

- Established 2007 with 4 partners
- Expanded since to 13 organisations (see next slide)
- Aims:
 - "...to construct and operate a shared data infrastructure for Neutron and Photon laboratories..."

2007		2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
	EDN	S (4)						
			EDNP (10)			_		
PaNdataEurope(11)								
Pandata ODI(11)								

PaN-data Partners

PaN-data bring together 13 major European Research Infrastructures

ISIS is the world's leading pulsed spallation neutron source

ESRF is a third generation synchrotron light source jointly funded by 19 European countries

ILL operates the most intense slow neutron source in the world

PSI operates the Swiss Light Source, SLS, and Neutron Spallation Source, SINQ, and is developing the SwissFEL Free Electron Laser

HZB operates the BER II research reactor the BESSY II synchrotron

CEA/LLB operates neutron scattering spectrometers from the Orphée fission reactor

JCNS Juelich Centre for Neutron Science

Diamond is new 3rd generation synchrotron funded by the UK and the Wellcome Trust

DESY operates two synchrotrons, Doris III and Petra III, and the FLASH free electron laser

Soleil is a 2.75 GeV synchrotron radiation facility in operation since 2007

ELETTRA operates a 2-2.4 GeV synchrotron and is building the FERMI Free Electron Laser

ALBA is a new 3 GeV synchrotron facility due to become operational in 2010

MaxLab, Max IV Synchrotron

PaN-data is coordinated by the STFC Department of Scientific Computing

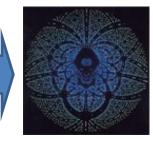
The Science we do - Structure of materials



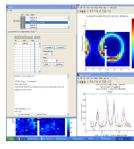
Visit facility on research campus



Place sample in beam



Diffraction pattern from sample



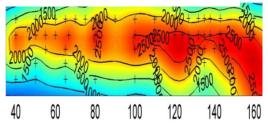
Fitting experimental data to model

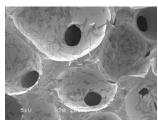
Structure of cholesterol in crude oil

- Over 30,000 user visitors each year:
 - physics, chemistry, biology, medicine,
 - energy, environmental, materials, culture
 - pharmaceuticals, petrochemicals, microelectronics

- Over 5.000 high impact publications per year
 - But so far no integrated data repositories
 - Lacking sustainability & traceability

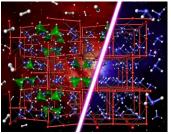
Longitudinal strain in aircraft wing

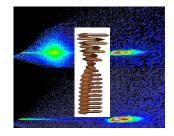




Bioactive glass for bone growth

Hydrogen storage for zero emission vehicles

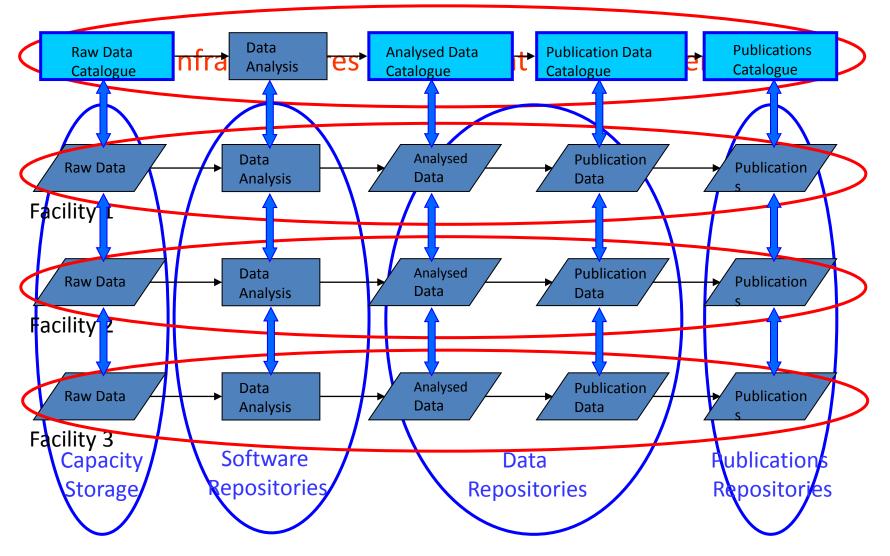




Magnetic moments in electronic storage

PaNdata Vision

Single Infrastructure → Single User Experience



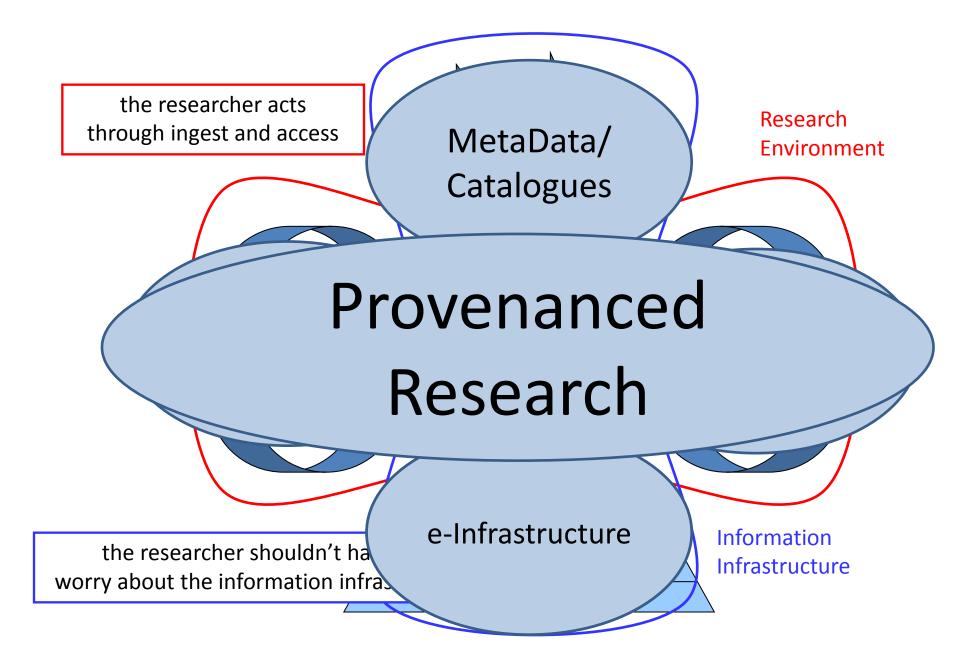
EDNS - European Data Infrastructure for Neutron and Synchrotron Sources **PaN-data Standardisation**

PaN-data Europe is undertaking 5 standardisation activities:

- 1. Development of a **common data policy** framework
- 2. Agreement on protocols for shared **user information exchange**
- 3. Definition of standards for common scientific data formats
- 4. Strategy for the interoperation of **data analysis software** enabling the most appropriate software to be used independently of where the data is collected
- **5. Integration and cross-linking** of research outputs completing the lifecycle of research, linking all information underpinning publications, and supporting the long-term preservation of the research outputs



The Research Lifecycle – a personal view



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An example project – PaNdata Fostering Collaboration on a Global Scale - RDA

Research Data Alliance

Emerging international organization

Currently supported by: EU NSF Australian National Data Service

To accelerate data-driven innovation through research data sharing and exchange.

Infrastructure, Policy, Practice and Standards

Research Data Alliance Vision and Purpose

Vision

Researchers around the world sharing and using research data without barriers. Purpose

... to accelerate international data-driven innovation and discovery by facilitating research data sharing and exchange, use and re-use, standards harmonization, and discoverability. ...through the development and adoption of *infrastructure, policy, practice, standards, and other* deliverables.

RDA Principles

Openness

- Membership is open to all interested organizations,
- all meetings are public,
- RDA processes are transparent, and
- all RDA products are freely available to the public;

Consensus

- The RDA moves forward by achieving consensus and
- resolves disagreements through appropriate voting mechanisms;

Balance

• The RDA is organized on the principle of balanced representation for individual organizations and stakeholder communities;

Harmonization

 The RDA works to achieve harmonization across standards, policies, technologies, tools, and other data infrastructure elements;

Voluntary

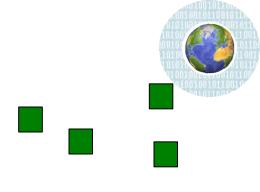
• The RDA is not a government organization or regulatory body and, instead, is a public body responsive to its members; and

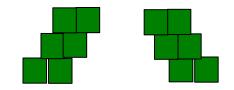
Non-profit

• RDA is not a commercial organization and will not design, promote, endorse, or sell commercial products, technologies, or services.

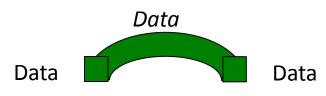
Research Data Alliance:

- "Building Bridges"
- •Bridges to the future data preservation
- Bridges to research partners
- Bridges across disciplines
- Bridges across regions
- Bridges to integration to solve new problems
- •Bridges across communities









RDA role

Two bridges we can build:

- Connecting Data
- Connecting People

What kind of organisation do we need to do this?









Data Practitioners Domain

Administrative Domain



- Carry out work of RDA
- Reach consensus or
- May suggest Br
- Open to all
 - som ______itment expected

Plenary

- Open t all persons involved in RDA
- Hears and comments on reports from WGs
- Sugges new BoFs
- Hears c didates for TAC

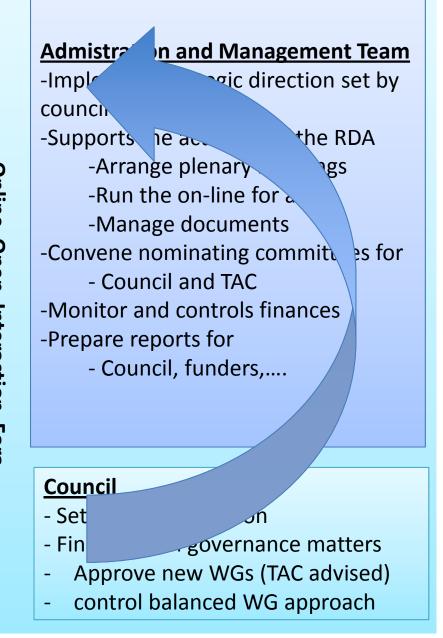
Technical Advi



- advise on WG w
- Interacting directly w
- advise on new WGs and new
- Give implementation suggest ons to strategic direction from council

use for all kinds of activities, Online Open Interaction open ť all RDA members Fora

oups



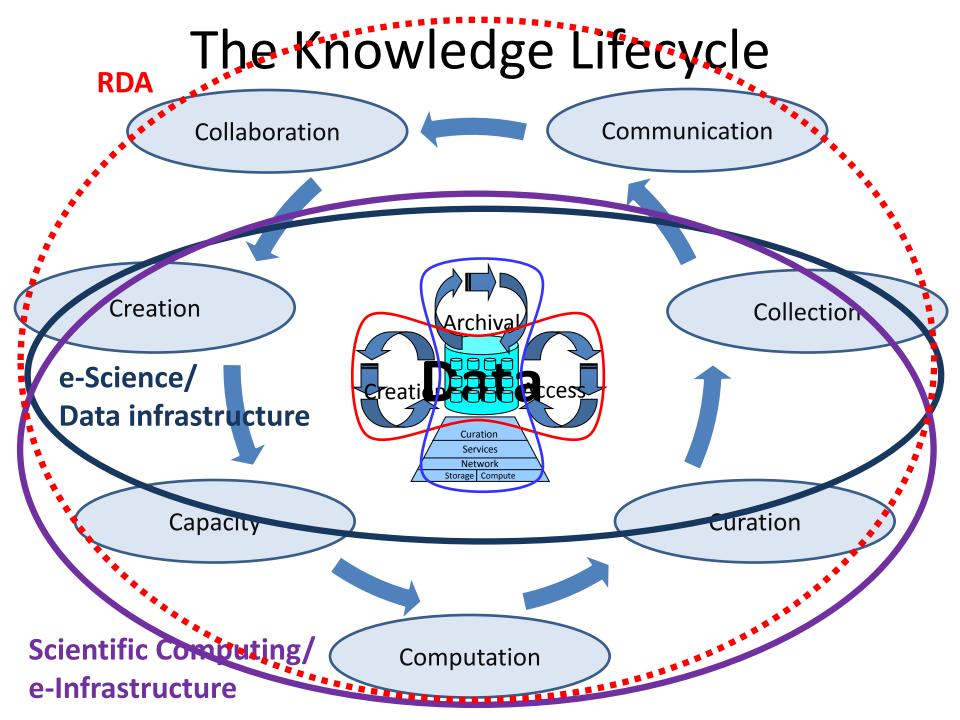
Research Data Alliance

Status in November 2012

- Initial meetings held in Munich and Washington
- ~200 Delagates
- ~12 vanguard Working Groups being established
- Council and Secretariat formed
- Launch planned for March 17 in Guttenberg

Website: <u>rd-alliance.org/</u> Washington Meeting: d2i indiana adu/data201

d2i.indiana.edu/data2012/ResearchDataAlliance



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Fostering Collaboration on a Global Scale - RDA

Thank You

www.pan-data

ww.stfc.ac.

www.rd-alliance.org

The End